

PROVINCIAL.

equipment of a telegraph or a telephone line, or both, in connection therewith.

Under the caption of a Tale from the Northwest the Ottawa Free Press is responsible for the following sensation, supposed to be extracted "out of the heart of a private letter addressed to one of our citizens from a former resident now dwelling speculatively in the Northwest: 'I had a chat with a Mounted Policeman the other day. He told me that there were 7000 Indians and bands nearly all camped near Fort McLeod and Prince Albert, Pagan and Blackfoot Indians and that F. Dumont is the leader. They have a lot of horses stolen from the whites and are destroying all cattle ranches and preparing for a war in the spring.' This is the kind of 'charterdash' from Park Street goes off to show his Ma, what a desperado he is, and as far as he did not speak English, and as far as he was not a native of a peaceful country at all, and which passes for authentic information in the east. This should be a warning to the people in nearly every place where there is a telegraph machine that is race for a moment that it is not stopped somehow or other."

STRANGE FUNERAL RITES.

The Funeral Ceremony in King Thebaw's Country.

When a Burmese priest of any note dies he is embalmed and kept for a year, and then burned with much rejoicing and festivity. All the inhabitants of the neighboring villages, and even those far distant, turn out. Many dummy coffins are made, besides the body containing the defunct. The procession starts from the place where the body has been lying in state, where the place of cremation, which is always at a place some distance off, accompanied by a vast concourse of men, women and children, all dressed in their Sunday best, preceded by a noisy band of wind instruments. On approaching the funeral pyre, which has already been prepared, ropes are attached to the bier—a wheeled vehicle containing the coffin—front and rear, and a struggle takes place, which much resembles the game known as French and English.

A most enjoyable concert was held at against school house on Wednesday evening. Mr. Burman, Inspector of schools, presided. The following ladies and gentlemen contributed to the evening's entertainment: Mr. Speck, Mrs. Foot, Misses Speck and Jenny Lang, Oak Lake; Miss Weston, Brandon; Messrs. Fox and Cannon, C. P. R. Farm, Whiteford, Vinton, George Jackson, R. Lang, Jas. Henderson, and Speck, Foot, and Mitchell, Oak Lake. Mr. Fox gave a perfect treat by his performance on the cornet and violin, being accompanied by Mrs. Speck and Mrs. Weston on the piano and organ. A very interesting meeting was brought to a close by an appropriate address by the chairman and the singing of "God save the Queen" by the company.

The judge has fixed the 13th day of April, 1886, for the holding of Court at Brandon, and at Broadview on the 15th April, 1886.

Mr. B. L. Battell, a merchant, has written to Ottawa to impress upon the authorities there the necessity to take proper measures to prevent an Indian uprising. He says the Indians are enraged over the execution of the eight Indians at Number 2, and are making all sorts of threats.

It is stated here on good authority that Mr. Rodier, formerly an attached friend of Sir George Cartier, will shortly be sent to one of the numerous seats for a conference in the Senate. Rodier is considered the wealthiest citizen in Montreal, less prominent in condemning the Biel rebellion.

Brickville, Ont., Jan. 7.—A meeting of promoters of the Brockville, Westport and St. Mary Railway Company was held here today. A contract was closed with Robert Morris for the construction and equipment of a line of rail from Brockville to St. Mary, a distance of fifty miles, which will be completed by January 10, 1887. The line will be turned at Newton, on the 11th. When the whole line is completed it will take the shortest possible route between the Canadian Pacific and St. Mary and New England. To complete the connection a bridge will have to be built across the St. Lawrence River at this point.

Diseases, Jan. 7.—Edward F. Brown, who served with the Midland Battalion, in suppressing the Northwest rebellion, died at St. John's, on account of the jungle fever. He was one of the guides who accompanied Riel to the Red River after his capture.

St. John, Jan. 7.—A Montreal special says that the government has issued urgent and earnest warnings from our officers and the best informed priests in the Northwest, that another Indian outbreak was imminent, that the Blackfeet, Bloods and Crees demand, and that they go about preparing to meet in the shape of provisions to supply.

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THE BRANDON WEEKLY MAIL.

Brandon Weekly Mail,

THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1886.

RAILWAYS.

The touchiness of people, when railway interests are referred to that do not exactly suit their individual purposes, is truly remarkable. The other day a gentleman residing south-east of Millford called at the office of this paper, and threatened the Editor with abject annihilation, if he did not desist from advocating the construction of a Brandon-South Western line, and quietly submit to the extension of the line from Trehern through Plum Creek, without a word of protest. Now, we do not object to every man's trying to have a road built between his house and barn, but we do object to the spirit that prevents or tries to prevent the consideration of railways and all such public questions from a more general stand point. We are fully satisfied a railway built by any particular man's property must necessarily enhance its value, but the journalist who does his duty properly has the public interest, rather than individual ends to serve.

What we desire to see in this country is a net work of roads, that will leave no farmer more than twenty miles distant from an outlet; but at the same time we are for easily supported reasons desirous of seeing these roads centring where general interests desire their convergence. The three important centres of this country are Winnipeg, Brandon and Portage la Prairie, and the necessities of the people call for the centring of all the roads in the country at these points, with their extensions north and south, at suitable distances, as already indicated.

Already these points have circles of country dependant upon them, for commercial, legal and other purposes, and the ambition of the people should be to see these dependences facilitated rather than distracted, by the construction of railways, and other means of travel.

We are fully aware the interests of a few commercial and manufacturing men of Winnipeg, would be best served by having every railway in the country radiate from Winnipeg, but it does not require much judgement to see that the interests of these few and those of the rest of the country, are not identical, that they are in fact virtually opposed to one another. As the carriage of farm produce from Neepawa section to Winnipeg, via Portage la Prairie, and from the Souris section via Brandon, to the same point, need not necessarily cost more than by direct lines, and as merchandise sold by wholesale at Brandon and the Portage, would cost less than at Winnipeg, because of the lighter expenses of managing a business at the former points, it is quite apparent, it would be money in the pockets of western people to trade at these western points.

But there are other and equally strong reasons why roads should be constructed on this system. These three points are the Judicial, Educational, Municipal centres of the province, and roads leading to them would greatly conduce to public convenience, and prevent delays in travel—very important considerations in this country. While the projected lines lead away from these centres rather than to them, a due regard for the public welfare must lead us to protest. As we have already said, we do not object to the people to the south-east of us employing every effort to secure the extension of the road from Trehern, but we are confident its future extension to Brandon instead of towards the coal fields would serve the public best, with a branch from Brandon, through Plum Creek, and thence south westerly. There is an equal necessity for the North West Central, but as there are no two opinions as to the route it must take if built, there is no necessity, at present for comment on its

probable location. Brandon wants these three lines, the country around would be better served by their construction than it would be by any others, and it would pay the City to offer a bonus of \$100,000 to secure them. We believe an hour should not be lost in bringing the southern schemes prominently before the C. P. R. authorities.

Because a MAIL compositor used an "a" instead of an "i" in the word "qua" of *sine qua non* the cranky announceants of the Free Press doubts the veracity of this paper. The res-doubtable Luxton can see no virtue in the journalist that does not lend his name to support an organ for one party while ostensibly championing the other in order that he may unceremoniously ditch from the exchequer of both.

Malcolm Colin Cameron, by the grace of his money bags, M. P. for South Huron, has spoken, and he charges the present government with corruption, extravagance and wilful purchase of support. As Malcolm Colin spent \$9,000 in purchasing his way into the House in 1878, and was subsequently unseated and disqualified for the act, he ought to be a good authority on corruption, and his word ought to have some weight in the country. As the veritable Tom Greenway and the Editor of the Sun were both "mesmerized" by Malcolm Colin, they in particular could speak of his excellent judgement in this direction, were they so disposed.

We give in other columns a synopsis of the new Franchise Act, passed by the Dominion Parliament last session, and under which it is almost certain the next Commons Elections will be held. The synopsis gives full particulars to all not already on the Provincial lists, who desire to be enrolled, and are entitled to the privilege. All such persons in the County of Selkirk, should forward their applications to Judge Walker, revising officer for this county, by the 20th inst. A court of revision will be held on the first list when published, at which additions may be made, but it is always well to have the lists as correct as possible in the first place. Let our friends in the country attend to this at once. A meeting of the Liberal Conservatives of the city will be held at the Erie House, this (Thursday) evening, at which it is more than likely this subject will be duly considered. It is well that as many of our friends as can attend should endeavor to do so.

SUDDEN DEATH IN BRANDON.

A melancholy affair happened in the city last week on Thursday. Samuel Shortreed from Palmerston, Ont., a man of about 45 years of age, who has been farming in the Oak River country for some four years past, came to the city a few weeks since, in order that his son might attend school in Brandon. He was a widower, and was living with his son in McNaib's old workshop near 13th street and Pacific avenue, and on the day named he was carrying the seat of a sleigh across Rosseravenue towards the Royal Hotel, when he was seen by a little girl to fall on the street. The girl ran to the Royal and as she entered it Mr. Pilling was leaving by another door, and saw the man lying and immediately went to his assistance, and had him carried into the hotel. Brandon was given him by means of a spoon, and the poor fellow sighed twice, and then ceased to breathe. Dr. Moore was called in, who pronounced the man dead, and the body was removed to the police station, awaiting interment. Deceased was a brother in law of Mr. Scott, of the firm of Scott and Leeson, mail contractors up west. Mr. James Blair has been sent by Mr. Scott to make all necessary arrangements for the funeral, and is now in the city. An inquest was not considered necessary as no foul play was suspected, heart disease, accelerated by the severe cold of that day, being supposed to be the cause of death.

Mr. Shortreed was buried on Sunday last, and his boy is taken charge of by his friends.

FARMERS' MARKETS.

The grain trade here has not been very lively this week, the extremely cold weather which inaugurated the new year militating against a busy state of things. The McLaurin & Edgar elevator still remains closed in order to get the new machinery into place, but the other elevators and buyers are open to take all the good wheat that comes in, which is not very large just now. Good wheat holds the same price as before, but inferior frozen is slow to find purchasers, at somewhat lower figures. On Tuesday and Wednesday wheat

VITAL QUESTIONS.

CHAPTER I.
Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians: "What the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidney and urinary organs, to retain urine, and all the diseases or ailments peculiar to Women?"

Ask the same physicians: "What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia; constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malaria, fever, ague, &c., and yet it will not be dangerous?"

"Mandrake or Dandelion?" Hence when these remedies are combined with others equal in value.

And compounded into Hop Bitters, such a wonderful and powerful curative power is developed, which so varied in its operations that no disease or ill health can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is

harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use.

CHAPTER II.
"Patients

"Akin, dead or nearly dying?"

For years, and given up by physicians of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs, called consumption have been cured.

Women gone mad, crazy &c.

Persons of indolent, languid, wakefulness and other diseases peculiar to women.

Persons drawn out of shape by exacerbating pangs of rheumatism, inflammatory and chronic, or suffering from scrofula.

Salt-rinses, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, indigestion and infarct almost all diseases frail.

Nature is her to

Have been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which can be found in every neighborhood in the known world.

None genuine, without a bunch of hops on the white label. Shut in the vial, stout stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

seen in more freely.

Oats and barley are coming into town in about usual quantities, and are selling at same rates as last week.

Potatoes have taken a rise in value, and are retailing at 40 cents per bushel.

The Beef and Pork market is dull this week, prices showing no change, although none is being brought in. This month is naturally a slack time, but notwithstanding a very fair round business is being done.

Hay and wood remain unchanged.

Wheat, No 1 per bus. 60 to 68

Wheat, frozen 20 to 40

Oats, fed 17 to 18

Oats, milled 18 to 20

Barley 20 to 30

Beef, per 100 lbs, per lb 5 to 6

Pork 4 to 4½

Hides 4½ to 5

Chickens, full supply 7 to 9

Eggs, per doz 0 to 20

Butter, fresh 18 to 20

Potatoes, per bushel 25 to 40

Hay, per ton, nominal \$4 to 5

Wood, per load 3 to 4

BOWEL DERANGEMENTS.

The Danger of the Affliction and Its Most Natural Treatment.

That the worst forms of bowel complaints result, and that directly, from eating and drinking, far more than from climate and sudden changes of the temperature, can not admit of a reasonable doubt. Most of this indigestion is referable to rapid eating, insufficient chewing the food, as it reaches the stomach, being unprepared for the second stage of the digestive process, from the use of improper food, that failing to digest the digestive organs, the use of raw and unripe, or partially decayed fruits, to irregularly in eating, excess, &c. And here it may be remarked that it is rare while so many are given to for more or more tasks, than by the judgment and common sense, in the selection of only food, to have due regard to the power or portion of those digestive parts of the body, while using the same for more food, than the body demands. This may be perfectly true in the case of meats and fowl, in coming in such soon as can be had in abundance, and rarely, if one has the means to take care of them. When it is generally admitted, in almost all cases that ripe and fresh fruits are wholesome, these may be perfectly true in the case of meats and fowl, in coming in such soon as can be had in abundance, and rarely, if one has the means to take care of them. When it is generally admitted, in almost all cases that ripe and fresh fruits are wholesome, these may be perfectly true in the case of meats and fowl, in coming in such soon as can be had in abundance, and rarely, if one has the means to take care of them. When it is generally admitted, in almost all cases that ripe and fresh fruits are wholesome, these may be perfectly true in the case of meats and fowl, in coming in such soon as can be had in abundance, and rarely, if one has the means to take care of them. 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FOREIGN.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Mail advices from Panama, dated Dec. 24, 1885, are as follows: On Dec. 1, two families named Silva and Gonzalez, left Talcahuano, Chile, in a boat for the purpose of attending the customary processions and in taking part in the festival of our Lord of Carmel. Upon their return all went into the mouth of the Andalucian River, as reached. At this point, in consequence of a change of wind, it became necessary to alter the sails, and for reasons not yet known, all the passengers rushed to one side of the boat, which then capsized. All hands were then thrown into the water. The cries of the drowning people were heard by two lightermen, and they put off in a fragile chata to render what aid they could. On reaching the drowning people the lightermen picked up five persons, one of whom, a Chinaman, appeared to be quite dead. As the boat was unable to bear so great a weight, it was resolved to throw the supposed dead Chinaman overboard. This was accordingly done. The Chinaman, however, was sooner reached the water than he seized hold of the gunwales of the boat and escaped it. The recently rescued people and the lightermen were thrown into the sea, and out of the seven persons five were drowned. The only persons saved were Francisco Gonzalez and one of the lightermen. The boats were sent from Talcahuano to the fatal spot, and they returned with the bodies of the two female passengers, and that of the son of Silva. The bodies of the remainder had not been recovered up to the 23rd ult.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 2.—The grand jury presented a lengthy report this afternoon, which is of especial importance and interest in view of the efforts which are being made by a number of prominent property holders to rid certain portions of the city of a number of disreputable houses and low saloons which infest it. The report says: "Having discovered, as many of our predece-sors did, that the majority of the cases of robbery sent to the grand jury by the different police justices of Chicago, originate in low saloons in certain low districts of the city, the proprietors of which are licensed to carry on this infamous business by the city of Chicago, and enjoy immunity from the police authorities thereof, a committee of our body was duly appointed to ascertain if such irregularities and flagrant derelictions of duty on the part of the police force were true. The committee reported that they were, and further more, the ordinance requiring the closing of saloons at midnight has by long custom become a dead letter in the community, and a partially seems to exist in favor of the do-ggeries of the very lowest description and which have been described upon the sworn testimony of policemen before our body as 'robbers' dens.' With regret we report that the administration of affairs in the first police district is in a condition of deplorable rottenness. Dives of the lowest order defy the city's ordinances by keeping open from dawn till midnight, and from midnight till dawn, in them congregate disreputable women, thieves and criminals, and upon our oaths as grand jurors.

A number of unofficial Liberal members have been making overtures to the Parnellites for the co-operation of the latter in raising a question as to home rule during the debate on the address in reply to the Queen's speech. Mr. Parnell declines to reply to Liberal overtures unless accompanied by an express agreement to grant home-rule to Ireland. If the Queen's speech refers to Ireland the Parnellites will await the Government's proposals. It is settled that the Queen's speech to Parliament, which will meet on the 21st inst., will announce the introduction of the Irish bill resolved on by the Cabinet. The decision was not arrived at without difficulty, strong opposition being offered. The bill is being drafted, and will be ready for printing early next week. The Queen has approved the principles of the measure, namely:—Principles Chambers, partly elective, retaining the representation of property. The Legislative Chambers are to have exclusive authority over the revenue and expenditure of the country for local purposes, including counties and municipalities. All existing local bodies are to be subject to the control of the Chamber. The supervising power of the Imperial Exchequer is maintained. The local government is to have the power to raise money for all internal purposes, subject to the veto of the Imperial Treasury, but never over the high courts of justice, or conflicting with the Land Act, Land Purchase Act, and general statutes of the country. The Chambers will have power to undertake public works, such as the construction of harbors. There is no authority over police, militia, tariff, or external relations in any shape. Provision is made against the threatened creation of a national volunteer army through the establishment of rifle clubs, by retention of the Punitive Statute, and Imperial control of all money raised, whether by taxes or loans.

London, Jan. 7.—It is stated that the Government will submit to Parliament the question of the establishment of a British protectorate over the Bechuanas extending to the Upper Zambezi.

Specials to the Pioneer Press from all principal points in Dakota, Iowa, Minnesota and Montana show that the pending blizzard is one of the worst ever known. Snow has fallen to considerable quantities, seriously interfering with the movement of railway trains. The wind is blowing hard, and the mercury is very low and falling.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 7.—John L. Sullivan to-day authorised the following challenge: "I will fight Mitchell or any other man in the country for \$1,000 to \$10,000. I will fight Mitchell for one cent or for nothing everyday for a week, and if I don't lick him on Monday I will give \$1,000 to the orphan asylum; if I don't lick him on Tuesday I will give \$2,000 to the policemen's benevolent funds; and if I don't lick him on Wednesday I will give \$3,000 to the firemen's fund, and so on to some charitable institution until the week is up."

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The Daily News says: A resident of Dublin who has been making inquiries concerning the opinions of the Protestant minority in that city on the question of home rule for Ireland, learns that many Protestants do not oppose home rule, while many are in favor of it.

The Times commenting upon the position of affairs in Burma says that the situation is critical. The two Almupras are gaining in strength. The soldiers of the disbanded Burmese army are flocking to the standard of the Princes.

The Telegraph says that the Earl of Kil-

more who, as an Irish representative peer, and a Conservative, will, early in the coming session of Parliament, make a motion to the effect that the office of Lord Lieutenant of Ireland can be abolished with advantage.

It is stated that the Salter's Company, owning 70,000 acres in Londonderry, has made an arrangement to sell the land to the tenants, who loan 200,000 to the land commissioner under Lord Ashbourne's act.

The Chinese Government has created a nineteen provinces, under the name of Hanan. The capital is Urumtsi. The province is composed of the districts bordering on Russian Turkestan.

SWIFT CURRENT.

The citizens of this place entertained Mr. J. Alden at a banquet on Monday evening last. Mr. Alden who has been running the C.P.R. dining hall for some time past is leaving Swift Current to take charge of a first rate hotel east of Winnipeg, and it was to show their appreciation of his public services, and the unqualified respect in which he and his family are held, that this entertainment was given. Music, singing and dancing was indulged in until the small hours, and a most convivial and happy time was spent.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary to the Sav. Indians. Send a self addressed envelope to the Rev. JOHN T. LEWIS, Section D, New York City.

WANTED!

A Nurse Girl. Apply to MRS. W. A. MACDONALD, 11th St., Brandon.

A FURNISHED HOUSE
OR ROOMS

quired for January and February. For particulars apply to DR. SPENCER.

The Electoral Franchise Act

48 & 49 Vic. Cap. 40, (Dominion).

All persons entitled to be registered under this Act as voters for the Electoral District of Selkirk whose names are not already on the last revised assessment list for the Municipality, with the qualification to vote for the Municipality, with the qualification to entitle them to be registered, are requested to furnish the undersigned on or before the 1st day of January next, (1886) with a certificate in full, residence, post office, name, nature of voting qualification, where qualification is situated if real estate, or source of income, and such other particulars as are required by the said Act.

Prima Facie evidence of the right to be registered may other will be required from each applicant.

BRANDON, DEC. 24TH 1886.

D. M. WATSON,
Revising Officer for the Electoral District of Selkirk.

APLICATION will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company to be called "The Rock Lake, Souris and Brandon Railway Company," to construct a railway line from Brandon in the Province of Manitoba via Souris City and Rock Lake to the international boundary. A. R. BOSWELL,
Solicitor for applicants.
Toronto, 1st December, 1885.

APLICATION sera faite au parlement du Canada, a sa prochaine session, pour une loi pour l'assimilation d'une compagnie intitulee "La Compagnie du chemin de fer de Rock Lake, Souris et Brandon" avec pourvoi de construire un chemin de fer devant s'étendre de la cité de Brandon, province de Manitoba, jusqu'à la frontière internationale, en passant par la cité de Souris et Rock Lake. A. R. BOSWELL,
Procureur des requérants.
Toronto, 1er Decembre 1885.

NOTICE est donnée par la présente qu'une Application sera fait au Parlement de Canada, a la première Session du Parlement pour un Act à confirmer la construction d'un chemin de fer de la ville de Rock Lake, Souris et Brandon avec pourvoi de construire un pont à travers la Rivière Assiniboin sur la route 18 dans la Cité de Brandon, Province de Manitoba, ou extendant dans chaque direction, ou pourvu d'un pont à la hauteur du principal meridien de la dite province sur la route à la hauteur du côté nord de la dite Rivière.

Ce pont sera construit et existe maintenant à Rock Lake et la hauteur des arcs et la distance de interval entre les piles sont la hauteur et les distances tel qu'il existe d'obtenir pourvoir aussi, à construire ou repaire un Pont à travers et à charge d'un coté à l'autre de la dite rivière sur lequel il n'existe Pont existe en cas où sera nécessaire.

Suivants les Charges qui nous preposent charge pour Passage sur le dit Pont
Personnes qui ont d'un coté à l'autre, 2 cents
Personnes qui ont sur un coté d'un
Anneaux par coté excepté moutons
comme les jeunes chevets qui suivent
Moutons qui sont dans un coté à l'autre 2
Moutons qui sont dans un coté par coté à l'autre 2
Timberan wagon bucky trainan ou
autres autres véhicules tiré par un
animal d'un coté à l'autre 10
Le weight charge par coté des dessus tiré
d'un coté à l'autre 10
Le taux de dessus y inclus les bons file chargés
de chaque véhicule. Les dites bons sont acceptés
dans la dite Victoria Manitoba cap. 40.

Date le 21 Decembre 1885.

McINTYRE and LEWIS,
Ottawa, Ont.



Tender for License to cut Timber on Dominion Lands in the North West Territories.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tenders for a timber berth," will be received at this office until noon on Monday, the 15th day of January next, for a timber berth of fifty square miles situated on the Island of Lake Winnipeg, and being partly in the Provincial District of Saskatchewan, and partly in that of Keewatin, N. W. T.

Sketches showing the position approximately of this berth together with the condition on which it can be leased, may be obtained at this office, or at the Crown Timber Office at Winnipeg and Prince Albert.

A. M. BURGESS,
Department of the Minister of the Interior,
Ottawa, Dec. 5th, 1886.

Xmas and the Holidays

:o:

THE MAIL BOOKSTORE

POST OFFICE BUILDING,

Is to the front with the chicest lot of goods, for the holidays to be met with in the country, and at the lowest prices

:o:

In Fancy Goods,

We have a full assortment of Photo and Autograph Albums, Purses (Ladies' and Gents.), Ladies Satchels in leather and cloth, Vases, Cups and Saucers, Mugs, Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilet Cases (ladies' and Gents') Bracelets, Shirt Studs, Cuff Buttons, Rings—in gold and silver, and in fact everything that eye can wish for or thought suggest.

TOYS, TOYS, TOYS.

In this line we have everything to please the little ones. Sleighs, Whips, Tin goods in endless variety, Games, Blocks, Dolls, China Sets, Surprise Boxes, Shell Goods, China and Wooden Animals and Structures and everything else the little folks can ask for.

In the Stationery Department,

Everything is complete. School and Office Stationery and supplies of every description; Books for presents, in cloth and morocco. Prize books for schools, Bibles and church books for every denomination. In paper covers we have everything in the favorite authors—Dicken's, Scott, Cooper, The Dutches, Bessant, Block, Braddon, Carlyle, Bertha M. Clay, Wilkie Collins, Gabrial, E. P. Roe, Irving, Lytton, Ouida, Thackery and others; over 1,000 different books to choose from. The greatest assortment to be found in any store in the country.

Recitations, Readings, Plays, &c.; Music Books and Musical Instruments such as Accordions, Violins, Concertinas, &c. Xmas and New Year's cards in abundance, and of every design.

A large assortment of

WALL PAPERS!

Yet to choose from. These goods will be sold wholesale and Retail and at the lowest prices to cash prices.

Remember we have nearly everything the public may ask for, nor there is no chance for disappointment when you call.

Get your Xmas Goods while the assortment is complete. They will be sold now as low as any time in the season, and by calling early, you will have a better assortment to select from.

THE BRANDON WEEKLY MAIL.

THE FRANCHISE ACT.

The Qualification of Voters—
The Process of Registration Explained.

QUALIFICATION.

To qualify a person to be put on the list he must be—
1. A citizen of Canada.
2. 21 years of age.
3. A British subject by birth or naturalization.
4. Owner of real property of value of at least \$300.
5. Rent of \$1200.
6. Income, \$150.
7. Or amount of real property under assessment of at least \$300.

Or
I claim to vote on income.
I am employed as [clerk, accountant, etc., as case may be].
My employer is [naming him].
My salary [or wages] is \$— per month [or as case may be].
From this employment [and from other sources, if such be the case,] I have, for the year 1885, derived an income of at least \$300.

Or
I am engaged in the work or business of [naming employment].

My earnings for the year ending 1st January, 1886, have not been less than \$300.

I reside at [naming place of residence].

[Date] [Signature].

FORMS OF DECLARATION of qualification to whom may the application be made:

Manitoba
County of [I name in full] in
To Wit: [the name of the
county of [occupation or other
description], do solemnly declare that I am
the applicant in the above application to be
put on the voters' list for
under the Electoral Franchise Act.

That I have the qualification to be a voter
as set forth in said application, and the
particulars of such application are truly set forth
therin.

And I make this solemn declaration con-
sciously believing the same to be true and
by virtue of the Act passed in the year
seventy year of Her Majesty's reign, it is
titled "An Act for the suppression of vio-
lent and extra-judicial oaths."

Declared before me
at [signature of applic.]

in the county of [signature of applic.]
of this day
A.D. 1886.]

[Signature]
A Justice of the Peace,
&c.

HINTS AS TO PERFECTING APPLICATION
AND DECLARATION.

Substantially the voters are those who can
qualify as owners, tenants, occupants, income
holders, sons of owners and farmers' sons.

See that the application shows correctly.

Make the declaration before a commissioner,
notary or justice of the peace. It is con-
venient to have it attached to the application
on the same sheet.

In case of an absent person, let some one
having a knowledge of the qualification make
the application and declaration.

When one cannot find a justice or other
person before whom the declaration can be
taken let the application alone be sent in,
with an explanation of the reason, and it
would be well in such cases to have the
true of the facts in the application certified
on the back of it by one, or if possible, two
other persons.

WHAT TO DO WITH IT.

The application and declaration must be
sent at once to the revising barrister of the
district.

It will be remembered that there is a
revising barrister for each of the five electoral
districts into which the Province is divided
for Dominion representation. The names and
addresses of these officials are as follows:

His Honor, Judge Ardagh, for Winnipeg,
Winnipeg, P.O.

His Honor, Judge Ryan, for Marquette,
Portage la Prairie, P.O.

His Honor, Judge Pouthier, for Pre-
vención, St. Boniface, P.O.

Alexander Haugart, Esq., for Lisgar
Division, Winnipeg, P.O.

Selkirk Division is the southerly and
western part of the province, represented in
the House of Commons by Mr. Hugh
Sutherland.

Qu'Appelle Division is the northerly and
western part, represented by Mr. Robert
Wilson.

Prairie Division is the southerly and
eastern part, represented by Hon. Joseph
Roval.

Lisgar is the northerly and easterly division,
represented by Mr. A. W. Ross.

WHEN APPLICATION IS TO BE SENT IN.

All the applications must be "in" the
hands of the Revising Barrister before he
makes his preliminary lists. Judge Walker
has published a notice that all applications
for Selkirk must be in his hands before
10th January.

USINESS STATISTICS.

LIST OF FAILURES IN THE DOMINION AND THE AMOUNT OF MONEY INVOLVED.

The following figures show the failures
for the Dominion of Canada for the year
1885, as reported by Dun, Wiman & Co.

Ontario.—1st quarter, failures, 206; li-
abilities, \$1,451,912; 2nd quarter, failures,
457; liabilities, \$1,076,144; 3rd quarter,
failures, 114; liabilities, \$1,026,777; 4th
quarter, failures, 123; liabilities, \$833,334.

Quebec.—1st quarter, failures, 125; li-
abilities, \$704,510; 2nd quarter, failures, 75;
liabilities, \$716,850; 3rd quarter, failures,
83; liabilities, \$840,133; 4th quarter, fail-
ures, 123; liabilities, \$885,112.

New Brunswick.—1st quarter, failures,
8; liabilities, \$62,230; 2nd quarter, failures,
22; liabilities, \$239,590; 3rd quarter, failures,
20; liabilities, \$215,700; 4th quarter,
failures, 14; liabilities, \$76,725.

Nova Scotia.—1st quarter, failures, 32;
liabilities, \$235,025; 2nd quarter, failures,
24; liabilities, \$102,900; 3rd quarter, fail-
ures, 26; liabilities, \$137,600; 4th quarter,
failures, 26; liabilities, \$57,150.

Prince Edward Island.—1st quarter, failures,
none; liabilities, \$none; 2nd quarter, failures,
none; liabilities, \$none; 3rd quarter, failures,
none; liabilities, \$none; 4th quarter, failures,
17; liabilities, \$193,200.

Manitoba.—1st quarter, failures, 22; li-
abilities, \$329,685; 2nd quarter, failures, 16;
liabilities, \$167,999; 3rd quarter, failures,
11; liabilities, \$127,603; 4th quarter, fail-
ures, 17; liabilities, \$193,200.

Newfoundland.—1st quarter, failures,
none; liabilities, none; 2nd quarter, failures,
3; liabilities, \$55,500; 3rd quarter, failures,
none; liabilities, none; 4th quarter, failures,
6; liabilities, \$83,600.

Total for the whole Dominion, failures,
1,356; liabilities, \$8,981,659.

Or,
I am the occupant of (name property).

The landlord is (name landlord or person
rented to me).

I have been in possession since (naming
the period of time) of which you have
possession of one or more than one
year. The rental is \$— per

Or,
I am the occupant of (name property).

THE BRANDON WEEKLY MAIL.

1690.

L. O. L. meets on the FIRST MONDAY IN
6th St. and Rosser Av. Visiting brethren are
cordially invited to attend.

W. H. WILSON, Master.
E. H. MANCHESTER, Sec.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

Capital, \$1,500,000.
SURPLUS, \$680,000.

Branches in Manitoba—Winnipeg
and Brandon.

BRANDON BRANCH, ROSSER AVENUE.

Transacts a general banking business.
Bills of exchange purchased.
Monies transferred to points in Canada by
draft or telegraph.
Collections payable at outside points re-
ceive prompt attention.
Deposits received at current rates of in-
terest.

Correspondents for
Bank of Montreal.
Bank of British North America.
Bank of Toronto.
Dominion Bank.
Bank of Hamilton.
Quebec Bank.
Standard Bank of Canada.

A. JUKES, Manager.

Canadian Pacific Railway. Western Division. TRAIN SERVICE.

CHANGE OF TIME

On and after June 17, 1886, trains will move
as follows: Going West. Going East.
7:30 a.m. Leave Winnipeg Arrive 6:30 p.m.
Portage la Prairie 4:00 p.m.
1:30 p.m. Broadview 5:00 p.m.
9:00 p.m. Regina 11:05 p.m.
2:22 a.m. Moose Jaw 5:30 p.m.
5:00 a.m. Swift Current 12:30 p.m.
2:00 p.m. Maple Creek 5:25 p.m.
9:15 a.m. Arrive Medicine Hat Leave 12:30 a.m.

Going South. Going North.
Leave Winnipeg Arrive 6:35 a.m. 7:30 p.m.
7:35 a.m. Emerson 6:35 a.m. 7:30 p.m.
10:35 a.m. 10:10 p.m. Arrive St. Vincent 4:05 a.m. 4:40 p.m.
10:50 a.m. 10:30 p.m. 3:45 a.m. 4:20 p.m.

Going South. Going North.
18:15 a.m. Leave Winnipeg Arrive 8:00 p.m.
1:45 a.m. Morris 4:00 p.m.
1:30 p.m. Greta 2:10 p.m.
4:30 p.m. Arrive Manitoba City Leave 8:30 a.m.

8:35 a.m. Leave Winnipeg Arrive 4:10 p.m.
9:35 a.m. Stony Mountain 3:10 p.m.
10:00 a.m. Arrive Stonewall Leave 2:30 p.m.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
Magnificent Palace Sleeping Cars will be run
on all through passenger trains between Winni-
peg and E. and W. and Port Arthur.

Trains move on Winnipeg time.

JOHN M. EGAN, W. C. VAN HORNE,
Gen. Superintendent, Gen. Manager.
WM. HARDER, Ass't. Traffic Manager.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

DIZZINESS, DROPSY,
DYSPEPSIA, FLUTTERING,
INDIGESTION, OF THE HEART,
INDIOLIC, ACIDITY OF
SYPHILIS, THE STOMACH,
ALT. RHEUM., THE HEARTBURN,
HEADACHE, DRYNESS
HEARTBURN, OF THE SKIN,
HEADACHE.

And every species of disease arising
from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS,
STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MUI BURN & CO., TORONTO.

WILSON & CARRICK.

Blacksmiths and Jobbers

West Side NINTH Street
Between Rosser and Princess avenues.

BEST HORSE SHOERS IN THE CITY.

Repairing of All Kinds

DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.

Gentlemen, give us a call.

WILSON & CARRICK.

N. B.—Wood work done with neatness and
dispatch.

ROCKWOOD WATCH,

JOHN DICKINSON

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

DRY GOODS,

Boots and Shoes, etc.

CORNERS NINTH ST. AND ROSSER AVENUE.

BRANDON, MANITOBA

HEALTH FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT.

THE PILLS

Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the

LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

They invigorate and restore to health Dislocated Joints, and are invaluable in all

Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For children and the aged
they are precious.

THE OINTMENT

Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Boasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is
famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal.

For Sore Throats, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds.

Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases it has no rival; and for contracted and stiff
joints it acts like a charm.

Manufactured only at Thomas Holloway's Establishment,
178, NEW OXFORD STREET (BETWEEN 533 OXFORD STREET, LONDON),
And are sold at 1s. 1d., 2s., 9d., 4s., 6d., 11s., and 22s. each Box or Pot, and may be had of all
Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

NOTE Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If
the address is not 533, Oxford St., London, they are spurious.

GO TO

Whitehead & Whitelaw's

FOR

Blue Vitrol.

Barrel Salt.

Coal Oil.

Sugar and Syrup.

Boots and Shoes.

A lot of the above just received and can be
had in Wholesale and Retail quantities.

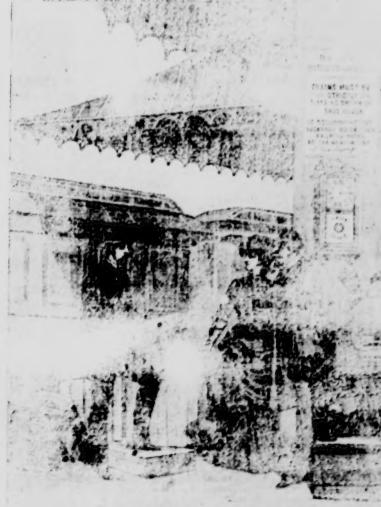
Rosser Avenue, Brandon.

Farm Produce Bought and Sold

P. E. DURST, THE PIONEER JEWELLER,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Gold and Silver, English, Swiss and American Watch
Clocks, Jewelry, Electro Plated Ware, Spectacles, Com-
passes, Telescopes.



Sole Agent for the Celebrated

THE RAILROAD TIMEKEEPER.

Agent for W. MOHAMS SHOW CASES.

Personal supervision to all REPAIRING, and satisfaction guaranteed.

ROSSE AVENUE, BRANDON.

